Revision nr. 11 **TECHNIQUA HANDELS GMBH** Dated 25/02/2019 Printed on 12/03/2019 **TECHNO SOLV ECO** Page n. 1/13 Replaced revision:10 (Dated: 18/06/2018) Safety Data Sheet According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2015/830 SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking 1.1. Product identifier **TECHNO SOLV ECO** Product name 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against FLUID SOLVENT. Intended use 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Name **TECHNIQUA HANDELS GmbH** Full address **Reichenhaller Straße 15** District and Country D-83451 Piding Tel: +49 (8651) - 767 62 51 E-Mail: sales@techniqua.de 1.4. Emergency telephone number For urgent inquiries refer to Poison information center Tel: +49 (0) 6131 - 19240, Langenbeckstraße 1, D- 55131 Mainz **SECTION 2. Hazards identification** 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2015/830. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet. Hazard classification and indication: Flammable liquid, category 3 H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. Aspiration hazard, category 1 H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Eye irritation, category 2 H319 Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. Skin irritation, category 2 H315 Skin sensitization, category 1 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. category 2 2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

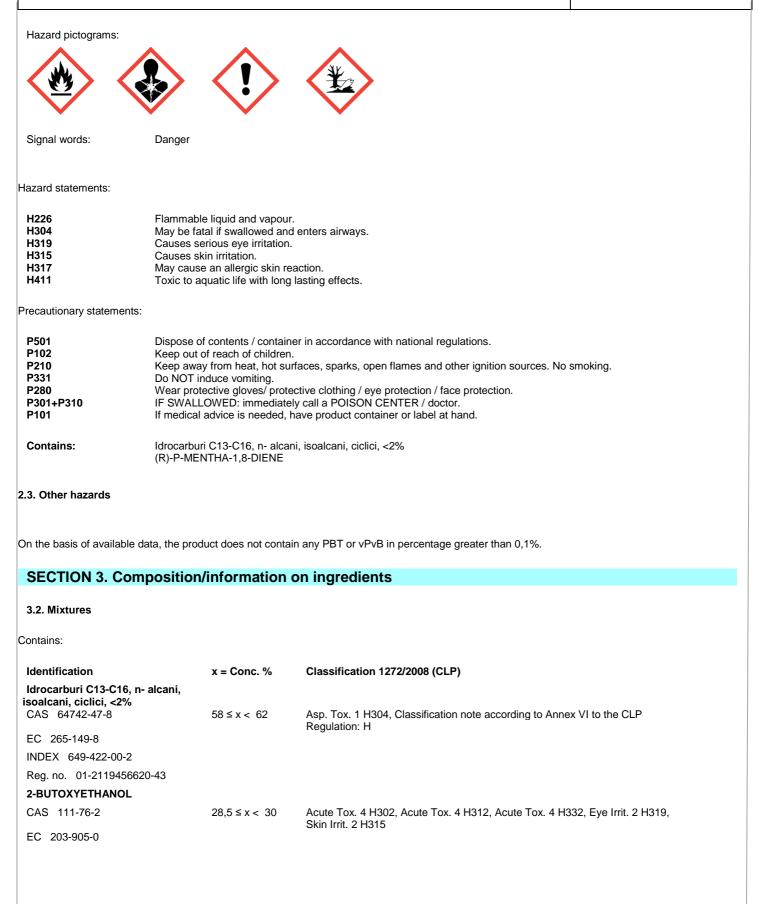
TECHNO SOLV ECO

Revision nr. 11

Dated 25/02/2019 Printed on 12/03/2019

Page n. 2/13

Replaced revision:10 (Dated: 18/06/2018)



TECHNO SOLV ECO

Revision nr. 11

Dated 25/02/2019 Printed on 12/03/2019

Page n. 3/13

Replaced revision:10 (Dated: 18/06/2018)

INDEX 603-014-00-0

Reg. no. 01-2119475108-36-xxxx

(R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE

CAS 5989-27-5

Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C

EC 227-813-5 INDEX 601-029-00-7

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

 $8 \le x < 9$

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately.

INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

TECHNO SOLV ECO

Revision nr. 11

Dated 25/02/2019 Printed on 12/03/2019

Page n. 4/13

Replaced revision:10 (Dated: 18/06/2018)

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

	DEU	Deutschland	TRGS 900 (Fassung 31.1.2018 ber.) - Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und Kurzzeitwerte
	FRA	France	JORF n°0109 du 10 mai 2012 page 8773 texte n° 102
	GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits
1			

TECHNO SOLV ECO

Revision nr. 11

Dated 25/02/2019 Printed on 12/03/2019

Page n. 5/13

Replaced revision:10 (Dated: 18/06/2018)

EU	Italia OEL EU TLV-ACGIH		Directive (EL	Directive 2000/3			/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive
	YETHANOL d Limit Value						
Туре		Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		
			mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
AGW		DEU	49	10	196	40	SKIN
MAK		DEU	49	10	98	20	SKIN
VLEP		FRA	49	10	246	50	SKIN
WEL		GBR	123	25	246	50	SKIN
VLEP		ITA	98	20	246	50	SKIN
OEL		EU	98	20	246	50	SKIN
TLV-ACGIH	ł		97	20			
	NTHA-1,8-DIENE d Limit Value						
Туре		Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		
			mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
MAK		DEU	28	5	112	20	SKIN
,	NG ; INHAL = Ir ent mixture: 97	nhalable Fractic mg/m3	on ; RESP = I	Respirable Frac	tion ; THORA :	= Thoracic Frac	ction.
	sure controls						
8.2. Expo		ion. ective equipme	nt, ask your che	emical substance	ce supplier for adv	vice.	nt, make sure that the workplace is well
8.2. Expo As the use hrough effe Vhen choos Personal pro	of adequate tech ctive local aspirati sing personal prote	ion. ective equipme it must be CE n	nt, ask your che narked, showing	emical substand that it complie	ce supplier for adv	vice.	nt, make sure that the workplace is well

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion.

TECHNO SOLV ECO

Revision nr. 11

Dated 25/02/2019 Printed on 12/03/2019

Page n. 6/13

Replaced revision:10 (Dated: 18/06/2018)

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

ColourColourOdourOdourOdour thresholdMelting point / freezing pointInitial boiling pointMelting pointBoiling rangeMelting pointFlash pointZevaporation RateFlash pointZevaporation RateFlammability of solids and gasesMelting manability limitUpper inflammability limitMelting PointUpper explosive limitMelting PointVapour pressureMelting PointVapour densityMelting PointSolubilityMelting PointPartition coefficient: n-octanol/waterMelting PointAuto-ignition temperatureMelting PointViscosityMelting PointExplosive propertiesMelting Point	liquid colourless characteristic Not available Not available Not available Not available Not available 23 \leq T \leq 60 °C Not available Not applicable
9.2. Other information	

VOC (Directive 2010/75/EC) :

100,00 %

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

TECHNO SOLV ECO

Revision nr. 11

Dated 25/02/2019 Printed on 12/03/2019

Page n. 7/13

Replaced revision:10 (Dated: 18/06/2018)

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Decomposes under the effect of heat.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

May react dangerously with: aluminium, oxidising agents. Forms peroxides with: air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat, naked flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Information not available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

May develop: hydrogen.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

TECHNO SOLV ECO

Revision nr. 11 Dated 25/02/2019

Printed on 12/03/2019

Page n. 8/13

Replaced revision:10 (Dated: 18/06/2018)

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

LC50 (Inhalation) of the mixture: > 20 mg/l LD50 (Oral) of the mixture: >2000 mg/kg LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture: >2000 mg/kg

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

LD50 (Oral) 615 mg/kg Rat

LD50 (Dermal) 405 mg/kg Rabbit

LC50 (Inhalation) 2,2 mg/l/4h Rat

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

TECHNO SOLV ECO

Revision nr. 11

Dated 25/02/2019 Printed on 12/03/2019

Page n. 9/13

Replaced revision:10 (Dated: 18/06/2018)

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Toxic for aspiration

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and is toxic for aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on acquatic environment. **12.1. Toxicity**

(R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE	
LC50 - for Fish	35 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss
EC50 - for Crustacea	69,6 mg/l/48h Daphnia pulex
12.2. Persistence and degradability	
(R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE	
Solubility in water	0,1 - 100 mg/l
Rapidly degradable	
2-BUTOXYETHANOL	
Solubility in water	1000 - 10000 mg/l
Rapidly degradable	1000 - 10000 mg/
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
(R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	4.38
BCF	1022
2-BUTOXYETHANOL	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	0,81
12.4. Mobility in soil	
la Canada d'ana ana tana dia kata	
Information not available	
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	
On the basis of sucilable data, the product does not contain any	DRT or UDUR in percentage greater than 0.40/
On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any	PD1 01 VPVB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects

TECHNO SOLV ECO

Revision nr. 11

Dated 25/02/2019 Printed on 12/03/2019

Page n. 10/13

Replaced revision:10 (Dated: 18/06/2018)

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number

ADR / RID, IMDG, 1993 IATA:

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID:	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. ((R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE)
IMDG:	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. ((R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE)
IATA:	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. ((R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID:	Class: 3	Label: 3
IMDG:	Class: 3	Label: 3
IATA:	Class: 3	Label: 3



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, III IATA:

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID:	Environmentally
	Hazardous

IMDG: Marine Pollutant



TECHNO SOLV ECO

Revision nr. 11

Dated 25/02/2019 Printed on 12/03/2019

Page n. 11/13

Replaced revision:10 (Dated: 18/06/2018)

IATA:

For Air transport, environmentally hazardous mark is only mandatory for UN 3077 and UN 3082.

14.6. Special precautions for user

NO

ADR / RID:	HIN - Kemler: 30 Special Provision: -	Limited Quantities: 5 L	Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)
IMDG:	EMS: F-E, <u>S-E</u>	Limited Quantities: 5 L	
IATA:	Cargo:	Maximum quantity: 220 L	Packaging instructions: 366
	Pass.:	Maximum quantity: 60 L	Packaging instructions: 355
	Special Instructions:	A3	

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC: P5c-E2

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product Point

3 - 40

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage greater than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

TECHNO SOLV ECO

Revision nr. 11

Dated 25/02/2019 Printed on 12/03/2019

Page n. 12/13

Replaced revision:10 (Dated: 18/06/2018)

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been performed for the following contained substances

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, category 3
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, category 1
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road

- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number

- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)

- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)

- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008 - DNEL: Derived No Effect Level

- EmS: Emergency Schedule

- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals

- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation

- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%

- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods

TECHNO SOLV ECO

Revision nr. 11

Dated 25/02/2019 Printed on 12/03/2019

Page n. 13/13

Replaced revision:10 (Dated: 18/06/2018)

- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- **OEL: Occupational Exposure Level**
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).
- GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY
- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website

Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses. Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Changes to previous review: The following sections were modified:

03 / 08 / 15.