SAFETY DATA SHEET



Based upon Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 2015/830

MULTI SUPER 5

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

: MULTI SUPER 5 Product name Registration number REACH : Not applicable (mixture)

Product type REACH : Mixture

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.2.1 Relevant identified uses

Lubricant

Detergent according to Regulation (EC) No 648/2004

1.2.2 Uses advised against

No uses advised against known

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier of the safety data sheet

Novatio* Industrielaan 5B

B-2250 Olen

2 +32 14 25 76 40

♣ +32 14 22 02 66

info@novatio.be

*NOVATIO is a registered trademark of Novatech International N.V.

Manufacturer of the product

Novatech International N.V. Industrielaan 5B

B-2250 Olen

2 +32 14 85 97 37

4 +32 14 85 97 38

info@tec7.be

1.4. Emergency telephone number

24h/24h (Telephone advice: English, French, German, Dutch):

+32 14 58 45 45 (BIG)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classified as dangerous according to the criteria of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Class	Category	Hazard statements
Flam. Liq.	category 3	H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.
Asp. Tox.	category 1	H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Skin Irrit.	category 2	H315: Causes skin irritation.
Eye Irrit.	category 2	H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
STOT SE	category 3	H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Aquatic Chronic	category 2	H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2. Label elements







May cause drowsiness or dizziness.



Contains: Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized.

Signal word	Danger
H-statements	
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.

Created by: Brandweerinformatiecentrum voor gevaarlijke stoffen vzw (BIG)

Technische Schoolstraat 43 A, B-2440 Geel

http://www.big.be

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H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

P-statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection/face protection.
P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

2.3. Other hazards

May build up electrostatic charges: risk of ignition

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name REACH Registration No	CAS No EC No	Conc. (C)	Classification according to CLP	Note	Remark
distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	64742-65-0 265-169-7	C<5 %	Asp. Tox. 1; H304	(1)(2)(10)	Constituent
Sulfonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts	68608-26-4 271-781-5	C<5 %	Eye Irrit. 2; H319	(1)	Constituent
propan-2-ol 01-2119457558-25	67-63-0 200-661-7	5% <c<15%< td=""><td>Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H336</td><td>(1)(2)(10)</td><td>Constituent</td></c<15%<>	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H336	(1)(2)(10)	Constituent
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized 01-2119462828-25	64742-81-0 265-184-9	C>30 %	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 STOT SE 3; H336 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	(1)(2)(10)	Constituent

⁽¹⁾ For H-statements in full: see heading 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General:

Check the vital functions. Unconscious: maintain adequate airway and respiration. Respiratory arrest: artificial respiration or oxygen. Cardiac arrest: perform resuscitation. Victim conscious with laboured breathing: half-seated. Victim in shock: on his back with legs slightly raised. Vomiting: prevent asphyxia/aspiration pneumonia. Prevent cooling by covering the victim (no warming up). Keep watching the victim. Give psychological aid. Keep the victim calm, avoid physical strain. Depending on the victim's condition: doctor/hospital.

After inhalation:

Remove the victim into fresh air. Respiratory problems: consult a doctor/medical service.

After skin contact:

Wash immediately with lots of water. Soap may be used. Take victim to a doctor if irritation persists.

After eye contact:

Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Do not apply neutralizing agents. Take victim to an ophthalmologist if irritation persists.

After ingestion:

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Consult a doctor/medical service if you feel unwell.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

4.2.1 Acute symptoms

After inhalation:

EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS: Dry/sore throat. Coughing. Central nervous system depression. Headache. Dizziness. Nausea. Narcosis.

After skin contact:

Tingling/irritation of the skin.

After eye contact:

Irritation of the eye tissue.

After ingestion:

Risk of aspiration pneumonia. Nausea. Vomiting. Diarrhoea. AFTER INGESTION OF HIGH QUANTITIES: Symptoms similar to those listed under inhalation.

No effects known.

Reason for revision: 5; 15

4.2.2 Delayed symptoms

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⁽²⁾ Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit

⁽¹⁰⁾ Subject to restrictions of Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If applicable and available it will be listed below.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

5.1.1 Suitable extinguishing media:

Small fire: Quick-acting ABC powder extinguisher, Quick-acting BC powder extinguisher, Quick-acting class B foam extinguisher, Quick-acting CO2 extinguisher.

Major fire: Class B foam (not alcohol-resistant).

5.1.2 Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Small fire: Water (quick-acting extinguisher, reel); risk of puddle expansion.

Major fire: Water; risk of puddle expansion.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Upon combustion: CO and CO2 are formed.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

5.3.1 Instructions:

If exposed to fire cool the closed containers by spraying with water. Take account of environmentally hazardous firefighting water. Use water moderately and if possible collect or contain it.

5.3.2 Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:

Gloves. Protective goggles. Head/neck protection. Protective clothing. Heat/fire exposure: compressed air/oxygen apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Stop engines and no smoking. No naked flames or sparks. Spark- and explosionproof appliances and lighting equipment.

6.1.1 Protective equipment for non-emergency personnel

See heading 8.2

6.1.2 Protective equipment for emergency responders

Gloves. Protective goggles. Head/neck protection. Protective clothing.

Suitable protective clothing

See heading 8.2

6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain released product. Dam up the liquid spill. Try to reduce evaporation. Prevent soil and water pollution. Prevent spreading in sewers.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Take up liquid spill into inert absorbent material, e.g.: sand. Scoop absorbed substance into closing containers. Carefully collect the spill/leftovers. Clean contaminated surfaces with an excess of water. Take collected spill to manufacturer/competent authority. Wash clothing and equipment after handling.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See heading 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section is a general description. If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. Always use the relevant exposure scenarios that correspond to your identified use.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from naked flames/heat. Insufficient ventilation: keep naked flames/sparks away. Insufficient ventilation: use spark-/explosionproof appliances and lighting system. Insufficient ventilation: take precautions against electrostatic charges. Gas/vapour heavier than air at 20°C. Observe normal hygiene standards. Keep container tightly closed. Do not discharge the waste into the drain.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

7.2.1 Safe storage requirements:

Storage temperature: < 50 °C. Ventilation at floor level. Protect against frost. Keep out of direct sunlight. Meet the legal requirements.

7.2.2 Keep away from:

Heat sources, ignition sources, oxidizing agents.

7.2.3 Suitable packaging material:

No data available

7.2.4 Non suitable packaging material:

No data available

7.3. Specific end use(s)

If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. See information supplied by the manufacturer.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

8.1.1 Occupational exposure

a) Occupational exposure limit values

If limit values are applicable and available these will be listed below.

Belgium

0 -		
Alcool isopropylique	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	200 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	500 mg/m ³
	Short time value	400 ppm
	Short time value	1000 mg/m ³
Huiles minérales (brouillards)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	5 mg/m³
	Short time value	10 mg/m ³

The Netherlands

Olienevel (minerale olie)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure	5 mg/m³
	limit value)	

France

Alcool isopropylique	Short time value (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	400 ppm
	Short time value (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	980 mg/m³

Germany

Propan-2-ol	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	200 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	500 mg/m ³

UK

· .	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	400 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	999 mg/m³
	Short time value (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	500 ppm
	Short time value (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	1250 mg/m³

USA (TLV-ACGIH)

2-propanol	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	200 ppm
	Short time value (TLV - Adopted Value)	400 ppm
Kerosene/Jet fuels, as total hydrocarbon vapor	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	200 mg/m³ (P)

⁽P): Application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures

b) National biological limit values

If limit values are applicable and available these will be listed below.

Germany

Propan-2-ol (Aceton)	Urin: expositionsende, bzw. schichtende	25 mg/l	11/2012 Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe der DFG
Propan-2-ol (Aceton)	Vollblut: expositionsende, bzw. schichtende	25 mg/l	11/2012 Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe der DFG
Vitamin K-Antagonisten (Quick-Wert)	Vollblut: keine beschränkung	Reduktion auf nicht weniger als 70%	11/2012 Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe der DFG

USA (BEI-ACGIH)

2-Propanol (Acetone)	Urine: end of shift at end of workweek	40 mg/L	
2-Propanoi (Acetone)	offile. end of stillt at end of workweek	HU IIIg/L	

8.1.2 Sampling methods

Product name	Test	Number
Isopropanol (Volatile Organic compounds)	NIOSH	2549
Isopropyl Alcohol (Alcohols I)	NIOSH	1400
Isopropyl Alcohol	OSHA	109
Kerosene (Naphthas)	NIOSH	1550
Oil Mist (Mineral)	NIOSH	5026

8.1.3 Applicable limit values when using the substance or mixture as intended

If limit values are applicable and available these will be listed below.

8.1.4 DNEL/PNEC values

DNEL/DMEL - Workers

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Sulfonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Туре	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term systemic effects inhalation	0.66 mg/m³	
	Long-term systemic effects dermal	3.33 mg/kg bw/day	

propan-2-ol

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Туре	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term systemic effects inhalation	500 mg/m³	
	Long-term systemic effects dermal	888 mg/kg bw/day	

DNEL/DMEL - General population

Sulfonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL) Type		Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term systemic effects inhalation	0.33 mg/m³	
	Long-term systemic effects dermal	1.667 mg/kg bw/day	
	Long-term systemic effects oral	0.8333 mg/kg bw/day	

propan-2-ol

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Туре	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term systemic effects inhalation	89 mg/m³	
	Long-term systemic effects dermal	319 mg/kg bw/day	
	Long-term systemic effects oral	26 mg/kg bw/day	

PNEC

distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

Compartments	Value	Remark
Oral	9.33 mg/kg food	

Sulfonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts

Compartments	Value	Remark
Fresh water	1 mg/l	
Marine water	1 mg/l	
Aqua (intermittent releases)	10 mg/l	
STP	100 mg/l	
Fresh water sediment	723500000 mg/kg sediment dw	
Marine water sediment	723500000 mg/kg sediment dw	
Soil	868700000 mg/kg soil dw	
Oral	16.667 mg/kg food	

propan-2-ol

Compartments	Value	Remark
Fresh water	140.9 mg/l	
Marine water	140.9 mg/l	
Aqua (intermittent releases)	140.9 mg/l	
STP	2251 mg/l	
Fresh water sediment	552 mg/kg sediment dw	
Marine water sediment	552 mg/kg sediment dw	
Soil	28 mg/kg soil dw	
Oral	160 mg/kg food	

8.1.5 Control banding

If applicable and available it will be listed below.

8.2. Exposure controls

The information in this section is a general description. If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. Always use the relevant exposure scenarios that correspond to your identified use.

8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Keep away from naked flames/heat. Insufficient ventilation: keep naked flames/sparks away. Insufficient ventilation: use spark-/explosionproof appliances and lighting system. Insufficient ventilation: take precautions against electrostatic charges. Measure the concentration in the air regularly. Carry operations in the open/under local exhaust/ventilation or with respiratory protection.

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Observe normal hygiene standards. Keep container tightly closed. Do not eat, drink or smoke during work.

a) Respiratory protection:

Full face mask with filter type A at conc. in air > exposure limit.

b) Hand protection:

Gloves.

Materials	Breakthrough time	Thickness
nitrile rubber	> 480 minutes	0.35 mm

- materials (less resistance)

Nitrile rubber.

c) Eye protection:

Protective goggles.

d) Skin protection:

Head/neck protection. Protective clothing.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls:

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See headings 6.2, 6.3 and 13

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical form	Liquid
Odour	Characteristic odour
Odour threshold	No data available
Colour	No data available on colour
Particle size	Not applicable (liquid)
Explosion limits	0.7 - 12 vol %
Flammability	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Log Kow	Not applicable (mixture)
Dynamic viscosity	No data available
Kinematic viscosity	No data available
Melting point	No data available
Boiling point	78 °C - 250 °C
Flash point	50 °C
Evaporation rate	1.3; Butyl acetate
Relative vapour density	>2
Vapour pressure	43 hPa ; 20 °C
Solubility	Water ; insoluble
Relative density	0.80
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	370 °C
Explosive properties	No chemical group associated with explosive properties
Oxidising properties	No chemical group associated with oxidising properties
рН	No data available

9.2. Other information

Absolute density	800 kg/m³
,	<u> </u>

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

May build up electrostatic charges: risk of ignition. May be ignited by sparks.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Precautionary measures

Keep away from naked flames/heat. Insufficient ventilation: keep naked flames/sparks away. Insufficient ventilation: use spark-/explosionproof appliances and lighting system. Insufficient ventilation: take precautions against electrostatic charges.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Upon combustion: CO and CO2 are formed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

11.1.1 Test results

Acute toxicity

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No (test)data on the mixture available

Judgement is based on the relevant ingredients

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dictillator	(netroleum)	solvent-dewaxed	heavy paraffinic
uistillates	(betroleull)	. Solvelit-dewaxed	Heavy parailling

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value	Remark
						determination	
Oral	LD50	OECD 401	> 5000 mg/kg bw		Rat (male/female)	Experimental value	
Dermal		Equivalent to OECD 402	> 2000 mg/kg bw		Rabbit (male/female)	Experimental value	
Inhalation (aerosol)		Equivalent to OECD 403	2.18 mg/l	4 h	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value	

Sulfonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value	Remark
						determination	
Oral	LD50	OECD 401	> 5000 mg/kg bw		Rat (male/female)	Experimental value	
Dermal	1	Equivalent to OECD 402	> 5000 mg/kg bw		Rabbit (male/female)	Experimental value	
Inhalation (aerosol)	LC50	OECD 403	> 1.9 mg/l	4 h	Rat (male/female)	Read-across	

propan-2-ol

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time		1 1 1	Remark
						determination	
Oral	LD50	Equivalent to OECD 401	5840 mg/kg bw		Rat	Experimental value	
Dermal	LD50	Equivalent to OECD 402	16400 ml/kg bw	24 h	Rabbit	Experimental value	
Inhalation (vapours)		Equivalent to OECD 403	> 10000 ppm	6 h	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value	

Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value	Remark
						determination	
Oral	LD50	OECD 420	> 5000 mg/kg bw		Rat (male/female)	Experimental value	
Dermal	LD50	Equivalent to OECD 402	> 2000 mg/kg bw	24 h	Rabbit (male/female)	Experimental value	
Inhalation (vapours)	LC50	Equivalent to OECD 403	> 5.28 mg/l air	4 h	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value	

Conclusion

Not classified for acute toxicity

Corrosion/irritation

MULTI SUPER 5

No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Time point	Species	Value	Remark
						determination	
Eye		Equivalent to OECD 405	1 seconds	24 hours	Rabbit	Experimental value	
Skin	Not irritating		24 h	24; 72 hours	Rabbit	Experimental value	

 $\underline{Sulfonic\ acids,\ petroleum,\ sodium\ salts}$

Ro	ute of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Time point		Value determination	Remark
Eye	2	Not irritating			24; 48; 72 hours	Rabbit	Experimental value	Single exposure
Ski	n	Not irritating		4 h	24; 48; 72 hours	Rabbit	Experimental value	

propan-2-ol

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Time point	Species	Value	Remark
						determination	
Eye		Equivalent to OECD 405		24 hours	Rabbit	Experimental value	Single treatment
Skin	Not irritating		4 h	4; 24; 48; 72 hours	Rabbit	Experimental value	

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Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Time point	Species	Value	Remark
						determination	
Eye	Not irritating	EPA OTS 798.4500			Rabbit	Experimental value	
Skin	Irritating	Other	24 h		Rabbit	Experimental value	

Conclusion

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

MULTI SUPER 5

No (test)data on the mixture available

Judgement is based on the relevant ingredients

<u>listiliates (petroleum</u>	<u>j, solvent-dewaxed</u>	i neavy paraminic					
Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Observation time	Species	Value determination	Remark
				point			
Skin	Not sensitizing	OECD 406			Guinea pig (male)	Experimental value	
Skin	Not sensitizing	Human observation			Human (male/female)	Experimental value	

Sulfonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts

Route of exposure	Result	Method	 Observation time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Skin	Not sensitizing	Patch test on human	,		Experimental value	
		skin		(male/female)		

propan-2-ol

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Observation time	Species	Value determination	Remark
				point			
Skin	Not sensitizing	OECD 406		,	Guinea pig (male/female)	Experimental value	

Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Observation time	Species	Value determination	Remark
				point			
Skin		Equivalent to OECD 406			Guinea pig (male)	Experimental value	

Conclusion

Not classified as sensitizing for skin

Specific target organ toxicity

MULTI SUPER 5

No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ	Effect	Exposure time	Species	Value determination
Oral (stomach tube)	LOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 408	125 mg/kg bw/day	General		13 weeks (5 days/week)	Rat (male)	Read-across
Dermal	NOAEL	OECD 410	1000 mg/kg bw/day		No adverse systemic effects	28 weeks (6h/day, 3 days/week)	Rabbit (male/female)	Experimental value
Inhalation	NOEL	Subacute toxicity test	220 mg/m³ air	Lungs		4 weeks (6h/day, 5 days/week)	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value
Inhalation	NOAEL		> 980 mg/m³ air		No adverse systemic effects	4 weeks (6h/day, 5 days/week)	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value

Sulfonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ	Effect	Exposure time		Value determination
Oral (stomach tube)	NOAEL		500 mg/kg bw/day		No effect	, ,		Experimental value
Dermal	NOAEL		> 1000 mg/kg bw/day		No effect	/ - (- / / /	Rat (male/female)	Read-across
Inhalation (aerosol)	NOAEL	OECD 412	49.5 mg/m³ air			(. , , , .	Rat (male/female)	Read-across

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Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ	Effect	Exposure time	 Value determination
Oral							Data waiving
Dermal							Data waiving
Inhalation (vapours)	NOAEC	OECD 451	5000 ppm			104 weeks (6h/day, 5 days/week)	Experimental value

Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ	Effect	Exposure time	Species	Value determination
Oral	NOAEL		750 mg/kg bw/day		No effect		Rat (female)	Experimental value
Oral	LOAEL		1500 mg/kg bw/day	General	Body weight reduction		Rat (female)	Experimental value
Oral	LOAEL		750 mg/kg bw/day	General	Body weight reduction		Rat (male)	Experimental value
Dermal	NOAEL	OECD 410	> 0.5 ml/kg bw		No effect	4 weeks (6h/day, 5 days/week)	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value
Dermal	LOAEL	OECD 410	0.01 ml/kg bw	Skin	Irritation	4 weeks (6h/day, 5 days/week)	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value
Inhalation (vapours)	NOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 413	> 1000 mg/m³ air		No effect	90 days (continuous)	Rat (female)	Experimental value
Inhalation (vapours)	LOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 413	500 mg/m³ air		Body weight reduction	90 days (continuous)	Rat (male)	Experimental value
Inhalation (vapours)	NOAEC		> 1000 mg/m³ air	Stomach	No effect		Rat (male)	Experimental value

Conclusion

May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Not classified for subchronic toxicity

Mutagenicity (in vitro)

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No (test)data on the mixture available

distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

Result	Method	Test substrate	Effect	Value determination
Negative with metabolic activation, negative without metabolic activation	Equivalent to OECD 473	Chinese hamster ovary (CHO)	No effect	Experimental value
Ambiguous		Mouse (lymphoma L5178Y cells)		Experimental value
Positive with metabolic activation	Equivalent to OECD 471	Bacteria (S.typhimurium)		Experimental value

Sulfonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts

Result	Method	Test substrate	Effect	Value determination
Negative	OECD 471	Bacteria (S.typhimurium)	No effect	Read-across
Negative		Mouse (lymphoma L5178Y cells)	No effect	Read-across

propan-2-ol

Result	Method	Test substrate	Effect	Value determination
Negative with metabolic	Equivalent to OECD 471	Bacteria (S.typhimurium)	No effect	Experimental value
activation, negative without				
metabolic activation				
Negative with metabolic	Equivalent to OECD 476	Chinese hamster ovary (CHO)	No effect	Experimental value
activation, negative without				
metabolic activation				

Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized

Result	Method	Test substrate	Effect	Value determination
Negative	•	Mouse (lymphoma L5178Y cells)	No effect	Experimental value
Negative	Equivalent to OECD 479	Chinese hamster ovary (CHO)	No effect	Experimental value
Negative	Equivalent to OECD 471	Bacteria (S.typhimurium)	No effect	Experimental value

Mutagenicity (in vivo)

MULTI SUPER 5

No (test)data on the mixture available

Publication date: 2000-09-28 Reason for revision: 5; 15

9/17 Revision number: 1101 Product number: 32179

Date of revision: 2017-11-10

Judgement is based on the relevant ingredients

distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

	Result	Method	Exposure time	Test substrate	Organ	Value determination
	Negative	OECD 474		Mouse (male/female)	Bone marrow	Experimental value
Sul	fonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts					

Result	Method	Exposure time	Test substrate	Organ	Value determination
Negative	OECD 474		Mouse (male/female)		Read-across

propan-2-ol

Result	Method	Exposure time	Test substrate	Organ	Value determination
Negative	Equivalent to OECD		Mouse (male/female)		Experimental value
	474				

Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized

Result	Method	Exposure time	Test substrate	Organ	Value determination
-0	Equivalent to OECD 475		Rat (male/female)	Bone marrow	Experimental value
-0	Equivalent to OECD 478		Mouse (male)		Experimental value

Conclusion

Not classified for mutagenic or genotoxic toxicity

Carcinogenicity

MULTI SUPER 5

No (test)data on the mixture available

Judgement is based on the relevant ingredients

distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	0	Value determination
	Dose level		100 mg/kg bw/day	104 week(s)	Mouse (male)	Histopathology	1	Experimental value

Sulfonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts

Route of	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value
exposure								determination
Inhalation								Data waiving
Dermal								Data waiving
Oral								Data waiving

propan-2-ol

Route of	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value
exposure								determination
Inhalation	NOEL	OECD 451	5000 ppm	104 weeks (6h/day,	Rat	No carcinogenic		Experimental
(vapours)				5 days/week)	(male/female)	effect		value

Conclusion

Not classified for carcinogenicity

Reproductive toxicity

MULTI SUPER 5

No (test)data on the mixture available

Judgement is based on the relevant ingredients

distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	0	Value determination
Developmental toxicity	NOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 414	≥ 2000 mg/kg bw/day		Rat	No effect	l	Experimental value
Maternal toxicity	LOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 414	125 mg/kg bw/day		Rat	Irritation	I -	Experimental value
Effects on fertility	NOAEL	OECD 421	≥ 1000 mg/kg bw/day		Rat (male/female)	No effect	l	Experimental value

Sulfonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts

	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	- 0.	Value determination
Developmental toxicity								Data waiving
Maternal toxicity								Data waiving
Effects on fertility	NOAEL	OECD 415	> 500 mg/kg bw/day		Rat (male/female)	No effect		Experimental value

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	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	- 0-	Value determination
Developmental toxicity (Oral (stomach tube))	NOAEL	1 '	400 mg/kg bw/day	10 day(s)	Rat	No effect		Experimental value
Maternal toxicity (Oral (stomach tube))	NOAEL	1 '	400 mg/kg bw/day	10 day(s)	Rat (female)	No effect		Experimental value
Effects on fertility (Oral (drinking water))	NOAEL	1 '	853 mg/kg bw/day	/ (- /	Rat (male/female)	No effect		Experimental value

Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized

	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value determination
Developmental toxicity	NOAEL	OECD 414	1000 mg/kg bw/day	10 day(s)	Rat	No effect	Foetus	Experimental value
	LOAEL	OECD 414	1500 mg/kg bw/day	10 day(s)	Rat	Reduced foetal bodyweights	Foetus	Experimental value
Maternal toxicity	NOAEL	OECD 414	500 mg/kg bw/day	10 day(s)	Rat	No effect	General	Experimental value
	LOAEL	OECD 414	1000 mg/kg bw/day	10 day(s)	Rat	Body weight reduction	General	Experimental value
Effects on fertility	NOAEL (P)		> 1500 mg/kg bw/day		Rat (female)	No effect	Female reproductive organ	Experimental value
	NOAEL (P)		> 3000 mg/kg bw/day		Rat (male)	No effect	Male reproductive organ	Experimental value

Conclusion

Not classified for reprotoxic or developmental toxicity

Aspiration hazard

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Toxicity other effects

MULTI SUPER 5

No (test)data on the mixture available

Chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

MULTI SUPER 5

No effects known.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

MULTI SUPER 5

No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinio

	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Test design	Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity fishes	LL50	OECD 203	> 100 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; GLP
	NOEL	OECD 203	≥ 100 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; GLP
Acute toxicity crustacea	EL50	Equivalent to OECD 202	> 10000 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Nominal concentration
Toxicity algae and other aquatic plants	NOEL	OECD 201	≥ 100 mg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchnerie Ila subcapitata	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value
Long-term toxicity fish	NOELR		≥ 1000 mg/l	14 day(s)	Oncorhynchus mykiss		Fresh water	QSAR; Nominal concentration
Long-term toxicity aquatic crustacea	NOEL	OECD 211	10 mg/l	21 day(s)	Daphnia magna	Semi-static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; GLP
Toxicity aquatic micro- organisms	NOEL	Other	> 2.17 mg/l	4 day(s)	Photobacterium phosphoreum	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value

Reason for revision: 5; 15 Publication date: 2000-09-28

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Sulfonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts

	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	_	Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity fishes	LL50	OECD 203	> 10000 mg/l	96 h	Cyprinodon variegatus	Static system	Salt water	Experimental value; GLP
Acute toxicity crustacea	EC50	EPA OTS 797.1300	> 1000 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; GLP
Toxicity algae and other aquatic plants	EC50	EPA OTS 797.1050	> 1000 mg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchnerie Ila subcapitata	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; GLP
Toxicity aquatic micro- organisms	EC50		3200 mg/l - 5000 mg/l	8 h	Activated sludge		Fresh water	Experimental value; Growth inhibition

propan-2-ol

	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Test design	Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity fishes	LC50	Equivalent to OECD 203	9640 mg/l - 10000 mg/l	96 h	' .	Flow-through system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Lethal
Acute toxicity crustacea	LC50	Equivalent to OECD 202	> 10000 mg/l	24 h	Daphnia magna	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Locomotor effect
Toxicity algae and other aquatic plants	Toxicity threshold		1800 mg/l	7 day(s)	Scenedesmus quadricauda	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Toxicity test
Long-term toxicity fish								Data waiving
Long-term toxicity aquatic crustacea	NOEC		2344 μmol/l	16 day(s)	Daphnia magna		Fresh water	Experimental value; Growth
Toxicity aquatic micro- organisms	Toxicity threshold	Equivalent to DIN 38412/8	1050 mg/l	16 h	Pseudomonas putida	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Toxicity test
	EC50	ISO 8192	41676 mg/l	30 minutes	Bacteria			Experimental value; Activated sludge

Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized

	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species		Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity fishes	LL50	OECD 203	2 mg/l - 5 mg/l	96 h	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Semi-static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; GLP
Acute toxicity crustacea	EL50	OECD 202	1.4 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; GLP
Toxicity algae and other aquatic plants	EL50	OECD 201	8.3 mg/l	72 h	Selenastrum capricornutum	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; GLP
Long-term toxicity aquatic crustacea	NOEL	OECD 211	0.48 mg/l	21 day(s)		Semi-static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; GLP

Conclusion

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

Biodegradation water

Method	Value	Duration	Value determination
OECD 301B: CO2 Evolution Test	2 % - 4 %; GLP	28 day(s)	Experimental value

Sulfonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts

Biodegradation water

Method	Value	Duration	Value determination
OECD 301D: Closed Bottle Test	8 %	28 day(s)	Experimental value
0 1			

propan-2-ol

Biodegradation water

Method	Value	Duration	Value determination
OECD 301E: Modified OECD Screening Test	95 %	21 day(s)	Experimental value

Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized

Biodegradation water

Method	Value	Duration	Value determination
OECD 301F: Manometric Respirometry Test	58.6 %	28 day(s)	Experimental value

Conclusion

Contains non readily biodegradable component(s)

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

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Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
	Not applicable (mixture)			

distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
	No data available			

propan-2-ol

Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
		0.05	25 °C	Weight of evidence approach

Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized

Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
	No data available			

Conclusion

Contains bioaccumulative component(s)

12.4. Mobility in soil

distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

Percent distribution

Method	Fraction air		Fraction sediment	Fraction soil	Fraction water	Value determination
Mackay level III	39.93 %	0.1 %	34.01 %	22.09 %	3.98 %	Calculated value

Sulfonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts

(log) Koc

 			
Parameter	Method	Value	Value determination
Koc	Other	10000000000	QSAR

Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized

Percent distribution

Method	Fraction air		Fraction sediment	Fraction soil	Fraction water	Value determination
Mackay level III	91.57 %	0.1 %	2.07 %	4.82 %	1.54 %	Calculated value

Conclusion

Contains component(s) that adsorb(s) into the soil

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Due to insufficient data no statement can be made whether the component(s) fulfil(s) the criteria of PBT and vPvB according to Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

12.6. Other adverse effects

MULTI SUPER 5

Fluorinated greenhouse gases (Regulation (EU) No 517/2014)

None of the known components is included in the list of fluorinated greenhouse gases (Regulation (EU) No 517/2014)

Ozone-depleting potential (ODP)

Not classified as dangerous for the ozone layer (Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009)

distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

Groundwater

Groundwater pollutant

propan-2-ol

Groundwater

Groundwater pollutant

Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized

Groundwater

Groundwater pollutant

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section is a general description. If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. Always use the relevant exposure scenarios that correspond to your identified use.

13.1. Waste treatment methods

13.1.1 Provisions relating to waste

European Union

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Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014 and Regulation (EU) No 2017/997. Waste material code (Directive 2008/98/EC, Decision 2000/0532/EC).

13 02 05* (waste engine, gear and lubricating oils: mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils). Depending on branch of industry and production process, also other waste codes may be applicable.

13.1.2 Disposal methods

Remove waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations. Hazardous waste shall not be mixed together with other waste. Different types of hazardous waste shall not be mixed together if this may entail a risk of pollution or create problems for the further management of the waste. Hazardous waste shall be managed responsibly. All entities that store, transport or handle hazardous waste shall take the necessary measures to prevent risks of pollution or damage to people or animals. Do not discharge into drains or the environment. Dispose of at authorized waste collection point.

13.1.3 Packaging/Container

European Union

Waste material code packaging (Directive 2008/98/EC).

15 01 10* (packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances).

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.6. Special precautions for user Special provisions

CTION 14: Transport information	
Road (ADR)	
14.1. UN number	
UN number	3295
14.2. UN proper shipping name	3273
Proper shipping name	Hydrocarbons, liquid, n.o.s.
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	Hydrocarbons, ilquid, 11.0.s.
Hazard identification number	30
	30
Class	F1
Classification code	F1
14.4. Packing group	
Packing group	III
Labels	3
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Environmentally hazardous substance mark	yes
14.6. Special precautions for user	
Special provisions	
Limited quantities	Combination packagings: not more than 5 liters per inner packaging for liquids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg. (gross mass)
Rail (RID)	
14.1. UN number	
UN number	3295
	3293
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Understalling Booteling
Proper shipping name	Hydrocarbons, liquid, n.o.s.
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Hazard identification number	30
Class	3
Classification code	F1
14.4. Packing group	
Packing group	III
Labels	3
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Environmentally hazardous substance mark	yes
14.6. Special precautions for user	
Special provisions	
Limited quantities	Combination packagings: not more than 5 liters per inner packaging for liquids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg. (gross mass)
Inland waterways (ADN)	
14.1. UN number	
UN number	3295
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper shipping name	Hydrocarbons, liquid, n.o.s.
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Classification code	F1
14.4. Packing group	
Packing group	III
Labels	3
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Environmentally hazardous substance mark	yes
44.6.6	1/

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Limited quantities	Combination packagings: not more than 5 liters per inner packaging for liquids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg. (gross mass)
a (IMDG/IMSBC)	
14.1. UN number	
UN number	3295
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper shipping name	Hydrocarbons, liquid, n.o.s. (Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
14.4. Packing group	·
Packing group	III
Labels	3
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	Р
Environmentally hazardous substance mark	yes
14.6. Special precautions for user	
Special provisions	223
Limited quantities	Combination packagings: not more than 5 liters per inner packaging fo liquids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg. (gross mass)
14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the	IBC Code
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78	Not applicable, based on available data
(ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR) 14.1. UN number	
UN number	3295
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper shipping name	Hydrocarbons, liquid, n.o.s.
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
14.4. Packing group	
Packing group	III
Labels	3
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Environmentally hazardous substance mark	yes
14.6. Special precautions for user	
Special provisions	A3

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Limited quantities: maximum net quantity per packaging

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

European legislation:

Special provisions

VOC content Directive 2010/75/EU

VOC content	Remark
73.62 %	
588.960 g/l	

A324

10 L

Ingredients according to Regulation (EC) No 648/2004 and amendments

≥30% aromatic hydrocarbons, 15-30% aliphatic hydrocarbons, <5% anionic surfactants

REACH Annex XVII - Restriction

Contains component(s) subject to restrictions of Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006: restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles.

	Designation of the substance, of the group of substances or of the mixture	Conditions of restriction
· distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic · propan-2-ol · Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	Liquid substances or mixtures which are regarded as dangerous in accordance with Directive 1999/45/EC or are fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: (a) hazard classes 2.1 to 2.4, 2.6 and 2.7, 2.8	1. Shall not be used in: — ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays, — tricks and jokes, — games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects, 2. Articles not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market. 3. Shall not be placed on the market if they contain a colouring agent, unless required for fiscal reasons, or perfume, or both, if they: — can be used as fuel in decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public, and, — present an aspiration hazard and are labelled with R65 or H304, 4. Decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public shall not be placed on the market
	development, 3.8 effects other than narcotic effects, 3.9 and 3.10; (c) hazard class 4.1;	unless they conform to the European Standard on Decorative oil lamps (EN 14059) adopted by the European Committee for Standardisation (CEN). 5. Without prejudice to the implementation of other Community provisions relating to

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	(d) hazard class 5.1.	the classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure, before the placing on the market, that the following requirements are met: a) lamp oils, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public are visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows: "Keep lamps filled with this liquid out of the reach of children"; and, by 1 December 2010, "Just a sip of lamp oil — or even sucking the wick of lamps — may lead to life-threatening lung damage"; b) grill lighter fluids, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public are legibly and indelibly marked by 1 December 2010 as follows: "Just a sip of grill lighter may lead to life threatening lung damage"; c) lamp oils and grill lighters, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public are packaged in black opaque containers not exceeding 1 litre by 1 December 2010. 6. No later than 1 June 2014, the Commission shall request the European Chemicals Agency to prepare a dossier, in accordance with Article 69 of the present Regulation with a view to ban, if appropriate, grill lighter fluids and fuel for decorative lamps, labelled R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public. 7. Natural or legal persons placing on the market for the first time lamp oils and grill lighter fluids, labelled with R65 or H304, shall by 1 December 2011, and annually thereafter, provide data on alternatives to lamp oils and grill lighter fluids labelled R65 or H304 to the competent authority in the Member State concerned. Member States shall make those data available to the Commission.'
· propan-2-ol · Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	2 or 3, flammable solids category 1 or 2,	1. Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following: — metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration, — artificial snow and frost, — "whoopee" cushions, — silly string aerosols, — imitation excrement, — horns for parties, — decorative flakes and foams, — artificial cobwebs, — stink bombs. 2. Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of aerosol dispensers referred to above is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly with: "For professional users only". 3. By way of derogation, paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to the aerosol dispensers referred to Article 8 (1a) of Council Directive 75/324/EEC. 4. The aerosol dispensers referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the requirements indicated.

National legislation Belgium

MULTI SUPER 5

No data available

National legislation The Netherlands

MULTI SUPER 5

Waterbezwaariijkneid	2 (1)		
distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic			
SZW - Lijst van kankerverwekkende stoffen	(complexe) aardolie- en steenkoolderivaten; Listed in SZW-list of carcinogenic substances		
SZW - Lijst van mutagene stoffen	(complexe) aardolie- en steenkoolderivaten; Listed in SZW-list of mutagenic substances		

National legislation France

MULTI SUPER 5

No data available

National legislation Germany

MULTI SUPER 5

		2; Classification water polluting based on the components in compliance with Verwaltungsvorschrift wassergefährdender Stoffe (VwVwS) of 27 July 2005 (Anhang 4) and Verordnung über Anlagen zum Umgang mit wassergefährdenden Stoffen (AwSV) of 18 April 2017
propan-2-ol		
	TA-Luft	5.2.5
	TRGS900 - Risiko der	Propan-2-ol; Y; Risiko der Fruchtschädigung braucht bei Einhaltung des Arbeitsplatzgrenzwertes und des biologischen

National legislation United Kingdom

MULTI SUPER 5

No data available

Fruchtschädigung

Other relevant data

MULTI SUPER 5

No data available

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Grenzwertes nicht befürchtet zu werden

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distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

	TLV - Carcinogen	Mineral oil, poorly and mildly refined; A2
propan-2-ol		
	IARC - classification	3; Isopropanol
	TLV - Carcinogen	2-propanol; A4
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized		
	Skin absorption	Kerosene/Jet fuels, as total hydrocarbon vapor; Skin; Danger of cutaneous absorption
	TLV - Carcinogen	Kerosene/Jet fuels, as total hydrocarbon vapor: A3

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been conducted for the mixture.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of any H-statements referred to under heading 3:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

(*) INTERNAL CLASSIFICATION BY BIG

CLP (EU-GHS) Classification, labelling and packaging (Globally Harmonised System in Europe)

DMEL Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL Derived No Effect Level
EC50 Effect Concentration 50 %

ErC50 EC50 in terms of reduction of growth rate

LC50 Lethal Concentration 50 %

LD50 Lethal Dose 50 %

NOAEL No Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative & Toxic
PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration

STP Sludge Treatment Process

vPvB very Persistent & very Bioaccumulative

The information in this safety data sheet is based on data and samples provided to BIG. The sheet was written to the best of our ability and according to the state of knowledge at that time. The safety data sheet only constitutes a guideline for the safe handling, use, consumption, storage, transport and disposal of the substances/preparations/mixtures mentioned under point 1. New safety data sheets are written from time to time. Only the most recent versions may be used. Old versions must be destroyed. Unless indicated otherwise word for word on the safety data sheet, the information does not apply to substances/preparations/mixtures in purer form, mixed with other substances or in processes. The safety data sheet offers no quality specification for the substances/preparations/mixtures in question. Compliance with the instructions in this safety data sheet does not release the user from the obligation to take all measures dictated by common sense, regulations and recommendations or which are necessary and/or useful based on the real applicable circumstances. BIG does not guarantee the accuracy or exhaustiveness of the information provided and cannot be held liable for any changes by third parties. This safety data sheet is only to be used within the European Union, Switzerland, Iceland, Norway and Liechtenstein. Any use outside of this area is at your own risk. Use of this safety data sheet is subject to the licence and liability limiting conditions as stated in your BIG licence agreement or when this is falling the general conditions of BIG. All intellectual property rights to this sheet are the property of BIG and its distribution and reproduction are limited. Consult the mentioned agreement/conditions for details.

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